



DYNAMICS OF PUBLIC AND PRIVATE ELEMENTS IN DUTCH HEALTH & SOCIAL CARE

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OVERALL PICTURE:

1. STATE WITHDRAWS FROM HEALTH PROVISION
2. STATE WITHDRAWS FROM FINANCIAL RISK
3. NON-PROFIT PROVIDERS & INSURERS IN THE LEAD
4. LOCAL COMMUNITIES EMERGE AS PURCHASERS
5. ENTRY OF FOR-PROFIT PROVIDERS AND VENTURE CAPITAL
6. ENTRY OF NON-PROFIT PROVIDERS TO FOR-PROFIT MARKETS
 - ON THEIR OWN
 - BY JOINT VENTURES WITH FOR-PROFIT PARTIES

PRIVATISATION AS A POLICY GOAL

THREE COMPLEMENTARY LINES OF DEVELOPMENT SINCE 1992

A) PRIVATISATION OF PUBLIC PROVIDERS

- FOUNDATIONS
- INDEPENDENT SUPERVISORY BOARD (NON-POLITICAL)
- REAL ESTATE AND GROUND SOLD AT MARKET PRICES

B) PRIVATISATION OF STRATEGIC DECISION MAKING AND BUSINESS RISK

EXPLOITATION DEFICITS FROM STATE TO PROVIDERS AND INSURERS

C) RETREAT OF GOVERNMENT TO 'SYSTEM RESPONSIBILITY'

- ACCESS
- QUALITY
- MACRO BUDGET

GOVERNMENT - HEALTH INSURER RELATIONS

HEALTH INSURERS CAN GO BROKE:

NO DEFICIT COMPENSATION BY GOVERNMENT

TWO EFFECTS OF BUSINESS RISK:

- FINANCIAL BUFFERS IMPOSED BY NATIONAL BANK
- STRATEGIC COST MANAGEMENT BY CONTRACTING

COMMERCIAL INSURERS QUIT MARKET IN 2006,
REGIONAL MUTUALS MERGED INTO
FOUR NATIONAL INSURERS (90% MARKET SHARE)

PUBLIC IMAGE: MUTUALS ARE FOR-PROFIT
AS THEY TOO NEED A SURPLUS IN EXPLOITATION

NEW RELATIONS INSURER - PROVIDER

FROM BUDGETS TO OUTPUT-PRICED CONTRACTS

- PROVIDERS BID FOR DELIVERY CONTRACTS
- FOR - PROFIT PROVIDERS ARE WELCOME
- BID BOOKS PENETRATE DEEP INTO PROVIDER STRUCTURES AND PROCESSES
- BID BOOKS CAUSE A LOT OF RED TAPE
- SELECTIVE CONTRACTING FOR TECHNICAL QUALITY

PROVIDER MARKET SEGMENTATION BY INSURERS INTO THREE KINDS OF CONTRACTS / PRICE LEVELS

PASSING OR SHARING THE BURDEN?

PASSING THE BURDEN BY AGGRESSIVE PRICE SETTING

- PROVIDERS MERGE TO COUNTER POWER OF INSURERS
- COMPETITION AUTHORITY RESTRICTS MERGERS
- GROWING POLITICAL RESISTANCE TO BIG PROVIDERS

SHARING THE BURDEN: VERTICAL INTEGRATION

CASE 1:

REGIONAL INSURER Z&Z USES A SOCIAL NETWORK FORMAT

CASE 2:

NATIONAL INSURER MENZIS PARTICIPATES IN COMMERCIAL COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER CHAIN, BUT POLITICAL RESISTANCE

HEALTH GROUPS, HOLDINGS & COOPERATIONS

HORIZONTAL & VERTICAL INTEGRATION:
TO REDUCE COSTS, IMPROVE ADDED VALUE AND
TO NEGOTIATE WITH INSURERS AND BANKS

**MERGERS & COOPERATIONS RESTRICTED
BY THE COMPETITION AUTHORITY**

GROUPS & HOLDINGS CREATE FOR-PROFIT SUBSIDIARIES:
51% - 100% OWNED COMPANIES LIKE DAY CLINICS, E-HEALTH,
PRIVATE HOME CARE, CONVENIENCE SERVICES

**CASE 1:
CITY- LEVEL ZORGGROEP ALMERE:
A NON-PROFIT CHAIN FROM PRIMARY CARE TO SOCIAL WORK**

**CASE 2:
REGIONAL-LEVEL (PSYCHIATRY) HOLDING PARNASSIA: A 100% OWNED
REAL ESTATE COMPANY AND A FRANCHISE FORMULA**

**CASE 3:
JOINT VENTURES OF SEVERAL HEALTH GROUPS WITH
COMMERCIAL COMPANY AS A MINORITY (49%) SHAREHOLDER**

CHANGING RELATIONS OF PROVIDERS WITH BANKS AND VENTURE CAPITAL

HIGHER PROVIDER RISK: HIGHER INTEREST + BANK CONSORTIA

BANKS REQUIRE BUSINESS CASES FOR CAPITAL INVESTMENT AS WELL AS HIGH FINANCIAL BUFFERS (+18%)

VENTURE CAPITAL LOOKS FOR OPPORTUNITIES:

- BUYING BANKRUPT PROVIDERS
- INVESTING WHERE BANKS DARE NOT TO GO

VENTURE CAPITAL BUYS PROVIDERS AND TAKES MANAGERIAL CONTROL

CASES:

TWO HOSPITALS (SLOTTERVAART, LELIESTAD), DAY CLINICS

COMMERCIAL PARTIES ALSO INITIATE:

DAY CLINICS, COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTERS, HOME CARE
AND HOUSEHOLD SUPPORT

COMMERCIAL TAKE-OVER OF HOSPITAL LABORATORIES FAILED
AS DID PRIVATE INVESTMENT IN
HIGH QUALITY ALTERNATIVES FOR HOMES FOR ELDERLY

OUTCOMES:

- **PRESSURE ON ESTABLISHED PROVIDERS FOR HIGHER SERVICE QUALITY AND LOWER COST LEVELS, BECAUSE NEW ENTRANTS COMPETE ON USER-FRIENDLY SERVICE QUALITY, THEY DELIVER GOOD TECHNICAL QUALITY AND STILL MAKE A PROFIT**
- **GROWING DIVERSITY IN PROVIDER BUSINESS MODELS:**
LOCAL – REGIONAL - NATIONAL , FRANCHISE,
DIVERSIFIED PORT-FOLIO – NICHE OR FOCUSED FACTORY,
VERTICAL INTEGRATION BETWEEN ACUTE AND LONG TERM CARE PROVIDERS
- **VENTURE CAPITAL INVESTMENT FOCUS ON FACILITIES**
PROVIDING PROFESSIONALS WITH BUILDINGS, ORGANIZATIONAL SUPPORT, ETC
- **PRO-ACTIVE QUALITY CONTROL ROLE OF GOVERNMENT**
PERFORMANCE INDICATORS
- **INSURERS LEARN TO CONTRACT ON QUALITY DIFFERENCES**

BOTTLENECKS:

- **BANKS & INSURERS REQUIRE HIGH CAPITAL BUFFERS**
- **INADEQUATE ENTREPRENEURIAL COMPETENCIES RESULT IN UNDERPERFORMING AND BANKRUPT PROVIDERS**
COMMERCIAL NAIVETY AND LACK OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT COMPETENCE
- **IT IS EASIER TO CONTRACT ON PRICE THAN ON QUALITY**
- **NEW GOVERNANCE RELATIONS CREATE NEW FORMAL RULES THAT JOIN THE OLD RULES INSTEAD OF REPLACING THEM**
- **PERMANENT TENSION BETWEEN MACRO-BUDGET AND PROVIDER GROWTH STRATEGIES**
PROVOKES POLITICAL INTERVENTIONS, RESULTING IN STRATEGIC UNCERTAINTY FOR PROVIDERS & INSURERS
- **HOLDINGS AND GROUPS STRUGGLE TO REALISE SYNERGY**

SOME PERSPECTIVES FOR THE NEXT YEARS:

- **LESS BARRIERS FOR VENTURE CAPITAL**
TO INVEST IN COMMUNITY- AND CLINICAL CARE
- **FURTHER DIVERSIFICATION**
- **GROWTH OF PORT-FOLIO MANAGEMENT**
WITH DEMARKETING OF NON-PROFITABLE CLIENT GROUPS
- **DISCUSSION ON TAX EXEMPTION OF HEALTH PROVIDERS**
CREATING A LEVEL PLAYING FIELD FOR PROFIT AND NOT-FOR-PROFIT